



## **Introduction to Human Rights Legal Research**

### **INTRODUCTION**

**Public international law** governs interactions between states, between states and international bodies and between international bodies themselves. The sources of public international law are international agreements, customary law, judicial decisions and academic writings.

**Private international law** deal with relations between individuals over state boundaries and it is regulated by treaty and domestic law.

**Foreign law** is the domestic law of any country other than the one within which you are working.

Before you begin your research, first ascertain that type of legal system that you have been asked to research (e.g., common law, civil law or mixed jurisdiction). This is important because it will have an impact on the legal information that you can expect to find. Also, consider the languages used in the jurisdiction that you are researching and establish whether you will be able to find enough information on your topic / jurisdiction in the languages that you can read. For some jurisdictions, not much will be available in English or in any other language than the vernacular. For a good introduction to civil law systems, see *A Primer on the Civil Law System* published by the Federal Judicial Center ([http://www.fjc.gov/public/pdf.nsf/lookup/CivillLaw.pdf/\\$file/CivillLaw.pdf](http://www.fjc.gov/public/pdf.nsf/lookup/CivillLaw.pdf/$file/CivillLaw.pdf)).

### **WHERE TO BEGIN**

It is always best to begin your research with secondary sources. If you have been asked to examine how different foreign jurisdictions treat a particular topic, you will also want to consult country specific legal research guides. These will provide you with an understanding of the structure of the legal system and the resources available for researching a country's laws. By using indexes of periodical literature, you may find that someone has written on a similar issue and their footnotes and bibliography case be useful in identifying other relevant sources.

## RESEARCH GUIDES AND ENCYCLOPEDIAS

### Research Guides

#### Foreign Law Guide

<http://www.foreignlawguide.com/ip/>

This database provides a concise guide to the major primary and secondary legal resources of individual countries. You can use MARIAN or WorldCat to find many of the titles that are referred to here.

#### Globalex

<http://www.nyulawglobal.org/globalex/index.html>

Various countries guides are available here in addition to guides on international and comparative legal research topics.

#### FLARE: Foreign Law Research Guides

[http://ials.sas.ac.uk/library/guides/research\\_guides.htm#flare](http://ials.sas.ac.uk/library/guides/research_guides.htm#flare)

FLARE is a collaboration between the major libraries collecting law in the United Kingdom: Institute of Advanced Legal Studies, Bodleian Law Library, Squire Law Library, British Library, and School of Oriental and African Studies. It produces research guides on various foreign jurisdictions.

#### LLRX Comparative and Foreign Law Resources Center

<http://www.llrx.com/category/1050>

This site includes research guides and links to other legal resources.

### Encyclopedias

Smits, Jan M. **Elgar Encyclopedia of Comparative Law**. 2006

<http://marian.law.washington.edu/record=b1207098~S0>

World Jurist Association. **Law and Judicial Systems of Nations**. 4<sup>th</sup> rev. ed., 2002.

<http://marian.law.washington.edu/record=b1153342~S0>

Kritzer, Herbert M. **Legal Systems of the World: a political, social and cultural encyclopedia**. ABC-CLIO, 2002.

<http://marian.law.washington.edu/record=b1151032~S0>

**Martindale-Hubbell International Law Digest**. Martindale-Hubbell. 1993

<http://marian.law.washington.edu/record=b1065055~S0>

Published annually. Most up-to-date edition available from Lexis.

Redden, Kenneth. **Modern Legal Systems Cyclopedia**. W.S. Hein.  
<http://marian.law.washington.edu/record=b1029395~S0>  
Kept up-to-date by loose-leaf supplements.

Reiman, M. and Zimmerman, R. **Oxford Handbook of Comparative Law**.  
Oxford University Press, 2006.  
<http://marian.law.washington.edu/record=b1209228~S0>

## **SCHOLARLY ARTICLES (i.e., JOURNALS AND INDEXES)**

The only way to ensure that you have carried out a thorough literature review of any topic is to use indexes of periodical literature. This is because indexes include information about journal articles that may not be available from online full-text database providers, such as Lexis or Westlaw.

Once you have identified a relevant article in the index, you can track down the full-text by searching for the journal in your library catalog or by making an interlibrary loan request: <http://lib.law.washington.edu/ill/ill.html>

### **Useful Indexes to Get Started**

#### **LegalTrac**

<http://marian.law.washington.edu/record=b1041051~S0>

LegalTrac indexes the contents of nearly 1000 legal periodicals, including academic law journals, bar association publications, and legal newspapers. It covers English-language publications from the U.S., Canada, Australia, New Zealand, Ireland, and the U.K. LegalTrac is also known as **Legal Resource Index** and can be search through Westlaw and Lexis. The advantage of searching from Westlaw is that you will find links to the full-text where available.

#### **Index to Foreign Legal Periodicals**

<http://marian.law.washington.edu/record=b1040264~S0>

This is the best index available for finding law journal articles in foreign languages, including French, Spanish, German, Russian and Chinese. This database works best using the Internet Explorer browser.

#### **PAIS (Public Affairs Information Service)**

<http://uwashington.worldcat.org/title/pais-international/oclc/47724604>

Indexes topics including public and social policy, political science, economics, international relations and law. The database is comprised of abstracts of journal articles, books, directories, conference proceedings, government documents and statistical yearbooks published in English, French, German, Italian, Portuguese and Spanish.

### **Academic Search Complete**

<http://search.ebscohost.com/login.aspx?authtype=ip,uid&profile=ehost&defaultdb=a9h>

Academic Search Complete is a multi-disciplinary database that includes citations and abstracts from over 11,000 scholarly publications, including journals, magazines and newspapers.

### **Researching Specific Regions/Topics**

#### **Bibliography of Asian Studies**

<http://u.washington.worldcat.org/title/bibliography-of-asian-studies/oclc/39699361>

The online Bibliography of Asian Studies (BAS) holds more than 545,000 records on all subjects related to East, Southeast, and South Asia from 1971 to the present (primary disciplines covered are in the humanities and social sciences). Monographs published since 1992 have not been added to the database. The most important 100+ periodicals in Asian Studies have been indexed on a priority basis to make their coverage as up-to-date as possible.

#### **GreenFILE**

<http://search.ebscohost.com/login.aspx?authtype=ip,uid&profile=ehost&defaultdb=8gh>

This database indexes scholarly and general interest titles, as well as government documents and reports. Drawing on the connection between the environment and disciplines such as agriculture, education, law, health and technology, GreenFILE serves as an informative resource for anyone concerned about the issues facing our planet. The database contains nearly 300,000 records, full text for selected titles and searchable cited references for more than 200 titles as well

#### **Handbook of Latin American Studies**

<http://lcweb2.loc.gov/hlas/hlashome.html>

This database contains records describing books, book chapters, articles, and conference papers published in the field of Latin American studies.

#### **HAPI online**

<http://hapi.ucla.edu/>

Provides citations to worldwide information about Central and South America, Mexico, the Caribbean basin, the United States-Mexico border region, and Hispanics in the United States. Coverage is 1970 to the present and includes articles, book reviews, documents, original literary works, and other materials appearing in more than 500 social science and humanities journals. Many of the citations are linked to full text.

## **PRISMA publicaciones y revistas sociales y humanisticas**

<http://prisma.chadwyck.com/>

Provides the full text of many scholarly journals in the social sciences and humanities for the interdisciplinary academic study of Hispanic and Latin America and the Caribbean Basin. Offers the full text of key titles indexed in the Hispanic American periodicals index (HAPI). Articles are in English, Spanish, and Portuguese and cover all aspects of Hispanic studies, from research on indigenous cultures past and present to current economic indicators, politics, society, and Hispanic theater. Disciplines covered include anthropology, economics, history, literature, political science and sociology

## **USING AN ONLINE CATALOG TO FIND BOOKS & OTHER MATERIALS**

### **Using UW Law Library Catalog**

<http://lib.law.washington.edu/>

### **Using UW Libraries Catalog**

<http://catalog.lib.washington.edu/search/X>

### **Using WorldCat Local**

<http://uwlaw.worldcat.org/advancedsearch>

### **Sample keyword search:**

"public health" AND laws

(pluralism OR multiculturalism) AND "constitutional law"

### **Use subject headings to find items in the catalog:**

Law -- Latin America

Water -- Pollution -- Law and legislation

### **Also browse Series titles:**

International environmental law and policy series

Cambridge studies in law and society

## **FINDING FOREIGN AND INTERNATIONAL LEGAL MATERIALS –**

### **Primary Resources**

#### **Finding Foreign Laws and Legislation**

#### **COMPILATIONS OF LAWS – Loose-leaf Services**

Many libraries collect the laws of foreign countries both individually, by country, and also by themes, such as "The Constitutions of the Countries of the World". These are usually loose-leaf services (i.e., they are updated regularly).

These types of resources can be difficult to identify just using a library catalog, so it may be helpful to consult Global Legal Information Catalog

(<http://www.loc.gov/lawweb/servlet/Glic?home>), which is from the Library of Congress.

This website lists the title of publications, which reprint the laws and regulations of international jurisdictions on a particular legal topic, comparative in nature. The purpose of the database is to provide additional identifying information about titles, which you can then use this information to locate these items in your own catalog or to make an ILL request.

In addition to the subscription databases available to you through your institutional affiliation, don't forget that you can also find a lot of authoritative legal resources on the web. The websites of international organizations are often great sources of the domestic laws of their member states. Below are some examples of legal databases available online, but there are many more - it's just a matter of identifying the relevant organization that might compile such information and exploring their website.

## **PRIMARY SOURCES: LAWS, LEGISLATION AND JURISPRUDENCE**

### **BY JURISDICTION**

#### **GLIN - Global Legal Information Network**

<http://www.glin.gov/search.action>

Free, online database of official texts of laws, regulations, judicial decisions, and other complementary legal sources contributed by governmental agencies and international organizations. May include full texts of published documents in their original languages. Also accompanied by a summary in English and subject terms selected from the multilingual index to GLIN.

#### **World Legal Information Institute**

<http://www.worldlii.org/>

This is a website that compiles the domestic laws of foreign countries around the world. It is committed to public access to legal information. It also often provides links to official government websites.

#### **Lexadin – World Law Guide**

<http://www.lexadin.nl/wlg/>

Although this website has not been updated for a while, it still very useful for links to legislation, courts and decisions and other legal information from various jurisdictions around the world.

#### **Latin American Network Information Center - Environment & Natural Resources**

<http://lanic.utexas.edu/la/region/environment/>

This is a good source for identifying NGOs working in this area.

## BY THEME

### **OSCE – Legislationline**

<http://www.legislationline.org/>

This site provides access to international norms and standards relating to specific human dimension issues (e.g., freedom of assembly, hate crime) as well as to domestic legislation and other documents of relevance to these issues related to member-states.

### **World Bank - Doing Business**

<http://www.doingbusiness.org/lawlibrary/>

This site is a compilation of business laws and regulations from almost every member jurisdiction.

### **ECOLEX: Gateway to Environmental Law**

<http://www.ecolex.org/start.php>

This database, operated jointly by FAO, IUCN and UNEP, includes treaties, international soft-law and other non-binding policy and technical guidance documents, national legislation, judicial decisions, and law and policy literature.

### **International Labor Organization Databases**

<http://www.ilo.org/public/english/support/lib/dblist.htm>

Includes a link to the NATLEX database of national labor, social security and related human rights legislation. Provides abstracts of legislation and relevant citation information. Indexed by keywords and by subject classifications. Where possible, the full text of the law or a relevant electronic source is linked to the record. Another database e.quality@work surveys legislation regarding EEO around the world.

### **Annual Review of Population Law**

[http://www.hsph.harvard.edu/population/annual\\_review.htm](http://www.hsph.harvard.edu/population/annual_review.htm)

This is a database of summaries and excerpts of legislation, constitutions, court decisions, and other official government documents from every country in the world relating to population policies, reproductive rights and health, women's status and rights, children and adolescents, HIV/AIDS and related topics. Also contains files on specific topics, such as abortion laws, population policies, domestic violence, children and adolescents, HIV/AIDS, women's human rights, and female genital mutilation. The period covered by the database is 1974 through the present.

### **Institute of Transnational Law at The University of Texas at Austin School of Law – Foreign Law Translation**

[http://www.utexas.edu/law/academics/centers/transnational/work\\_new/](http://www.utexas.edu/law/academics/centers/transnational/work_new/)

Though it hasn't been updated recently, it is a resource for translations of French, German, Italian, Austrian and Israeli legal materials in the fields of constitutional, administrative, contract and tort law.

### **Migration Law Database - International Organization for Migration**

<http://www.imldb.iom.int/section.do>

Created and maintained by the IOM, this website includes links to research on migration law and a migration law database that compiles relevant norms and instruments regulating migration at the international, regional and national levels.

### **Military Law Resources – Library of Congress**

[http://www.loc.gov/rr/frd/Military\\_Law/military-legal-resources-home.html](http://www.loc.gov/rr/frd/Military_Law/military-legal-resources-home.html)

This website includes an extensive collection of primary source materials and publications in the field of military law, including links to war crimes trials and Geneva Convention materials.

## **CASE-LAW BY COURT / TOPIC**

### **African Commission on Human and Peoples' Rights**

[http://www.achpr.org/english/info/news\\_en.html](http://www.achpr.org/english/info/news_en.html)

### **European Court of Human Rights**

<http://www.echr.coe.int/echr/>

### **European Court of Human Rights HUDOC Portal**

<http://cmiskp.echr.coe.int/tkp197/search.asp?skin=hudoc-en>

Online access to the case-law of the European Court of Human Rights, the European Commission of Human Rights and the Committee of Ministers, includes judgments, decisions, resolutions and reports.

### **i.lex: The Legal Research System for International Law in U.S. Courts.**

<http://ilex.asil.org/>

Database of select U.S. court cases and related materials designed to serve as a practical resource to identify and understand how international law is interpreted and applied by U.S. courts at both the federal and state level.

### **Inter-American Commission on Human Rights**

<http://www.cidh.org/>

The Inter-American Commission on Human Rights (IACHR) is one of two bodies in the inter-American system for the promotion and protection of human rights. The Commission has its headquarters in Washington, D.C. The other human rights body is the Inter-American Court of Human Rights, which is located in San José, Costa Rica.

## **Inter-American Court of Human Rights**

<http://www.corteidh.or.cr/index.cfm>

This is an autonomous judicial institution of the Organization of American States whose objective is the application and interpretation of the American Convention on Human Rights and other treaties concerning this same matter.

## **V-Lex**

[www.vlex.com](http://www.vlex.com)

\*Currently available as a trial subscription, for password, please ask at the Reference Office

This is a searchable full-text database of global legal information with some documents and publications exclusive to the vLex platform. vLex offers case law, legislation, and other legal materials for nearly 100 countries, with a particular focus on jurisdictions in Central America, South America, and Europe and provides a multilingual interface that facilitates searching through legal information from other countries

## **UNITED NATIONS DOCUMENT RESEARCH**

### **Globalex: International Human Rights Research Guide**

[http://www.nyulawglobal.org/globalex/human\\_rights.htm](http://www.nyulawglobal.org/globalex/human_rights.htm)

### **Globalex: Researching the United Nations**

[http://www.nyulawglobal.org/globalex/United\\_Nations\\_Research1.htm#\\_Introduction](http://www.nyulawglobal.org/globalex/United_Nations_Research1.htm#_Introduction)

### **Globalex: Selected U.N. Resources and Research Tools: Overview and Search Tips for Legal Research**

[http://www.nyulawglobal.org/globalex/UN\\_Resources\\_Research\\_Tools.htm](http://www.nyulawglobal.org/globalex/UN_Resources_Research_Tools.htm)

### **ASIL Guide to Electronic Resources for International Law: United Nations**

<http://www.asil.org/un1.cfm>

### **UN Documentation Research Guides**

<http://www.un.org/Depts/dhl/resguide/quick.htm>

Produced by the United Nations Dag Hammarskjöld Library, this webpage offers you guidance on researching almost any sort of United Nations document.

### **United Nations Treaty Collection**

<http://treaties.un.org/Home.aspx>

This is a free online database that includes treaty-related data such as:

- Status of Multilateral Treaties Deposited with the Secretary-General
- The United Nations Treaty Series
- Texts of Recently Deposited Multilateral Treaties
- Titles of the Multilateral Treaties Deposited with the Secretary-General in the UN official languages

## **United Nations Bibliographic Information System (UNBI Snet)**

<http://unbisnet.un.org/>

This database indexes three major databases: bibliographic records, voting records and index to speeches. Indexes UN documents starting from 1979 and also includes the catalogue of the non-UN collections held by the Dag Hammarskjöld Library and UN Office in Geneva. Also allows you to search the voting records of resolutions adopted by the General Assembly (from 38th session onwards), Security Council and Economic and Social Council (from 1983 onwards) and the Trusteeship Council (from 1982 onwards). Provides links to full-text of UN documents when available. Updated every evening.

## **UNBIS Thesaurus**

[http://lib-thesaurus.un.org/LIB/DHLUNBISThesaurus.nsf/\\$\\$searche?OpenForm](http://lib-thesaurus.un.org/LIB/DHLUNBISThesaurus.nsf/$$searche?OpenForm)

Terminology used in subject analysis of documents. Allows you to find equivalent terms in other UN languages.

## **United Nations Documents Center**

<http://www.un.org/documents/>

Allows you to browse for selected documents from the main UN bodies.

## **Official Document System of the United Nations (ODS)**

<http://documents.un.org/welcome.asp?language=E>

Comprised of several databases, including UN Documents, Resolutions 1946-1991 and the Daily Journal – New York. Although most documents only available here from 1992 onwards, older documents are being added daily. Resolutions of the main organs all go back to 1946.

## **UN Info Quest (UN-I-QUE)**

<http://lib-unique.un.org/lib/unique.nsf>

This is produced by the Dag Hammarskjöld Library, this database provides comprehensive listings of: sessional or annual reports of UN bodies; reports of special representatives of the Secretary-General and reports by the special rapporteurs in the areas of international law and human rights. Coverage from 1946 to present.

## **AccessUN**

<http://uwashington.worldcat.org/title/readex-accessun/oclc/47798016>

This is an index of current and retrospective United Nations documents and publications including documents from the six main bodies of the United Nations - General Assembly, Security Council, Economic and Social Council, Trusteeship Council, Secretariat and International Court of Justice.

Full texts of selected documents are available online, including resolutions from the General Assembly beginning with 1981, the Security Council beginning with 1974, and the Economic and Social Council beginning with 1982. Selected

provisional verbatim and summary records of the General Assembly and Security Council beginning with 1990 are included, too.

If the full-text is not available online, use the citation that you find to track down the full-text document from the United Nations Documents Microforms Collection.

## **RESEARCHING NEWSPAPERS**

For more information on how to research news media from around the world, see:

### **Guide to Newspapers**

<http://hcl.harvard.edu/research/guides/newspapers/index.html>

### **Newspapers Archives / Indexes / Morgues – Library of Congress**

<http://www.loc.gov/rr/news/oltitles.html>

## **JOURNAL ALERTS & CURRENT AWARENESS SERVICES**

Current Awareness Services help keep researchers informed about the latest journal articles published in their areas of interest. Below are a few options for keeping up with newly published literature.

### **Current Index to Legal Periodicals (CILP)**

CILP is a subscription service from the University of Washington Law Library, which indexes all the law journals that are received by the library and is often more up-to-date than the major indexes. The most recent 6 weekly issues is available to the UW community through the library's website: <https://lib.law.washington.edu/uwcilp/webcilp.html>

Users can also subscribe to SmartCILP and receive a regular list of selected subject headings and journals. This service is available for free to UW Law School students and faculty. For more information, see: <http://lib.law.washington.edu/cilp/scilp.html>.

To register, you'll need to use the following authorization code: UWLAWST and your UW email address.

### **Westlaw and Lexis**

Both these databases allow you to create searches that can be run automatically for any period of time that you specify.

## **Global Legal Monitor**

[http://www.loc.gov/lawweb/servlet/lloc\\_news?home](http://www.loc.gov/lawweb/servlet/lloc_news?home)

The Global Legal Monitor is an online database from the Law Library of Congress covering legal news and developments worldwide. It is updated frequently and draws on information from the Global Legal Information Network, official national legal publications, and reliable press sources.

## **LEGAL ABBREVIATIONS AND CITATIONS**

### **Legal Abbreviations**

For mainly US legal abbreviations, see:

Bieber's dictionary of legal abbreviations : a reference guide for attorneys, legal secretaries, paralegals, and law students.

For foreign legal abbreviations, see:

Cardiff Index to Legal Abbreviations  
<http://www.legalabbrevs.cardiff.ac.uk/>

Katholieke Universiteit Leuven – Guide to European Legal Abbreviations  
<http://www.law.kuleuven.be/rechtsaf/index.phtml>

### **Citation Formats**

Rule 20 of the Bluebook covers foreign materials. Table 2 lists foreign jurisdictions in alphabetical order.

Guide to foreign and international legal citations. New York University, 2006.  
[http://www.law.nyu.edu/ecm\\_dlv1/groups/public/@nyu\\_law\\_website\\_library/documents/ecm\\_dlv\\_006388.pdf](http://www.law.nyu.edu/ecm_dlv1/groups/public/@nyu_law_website_library/documents/ecm_dlv_006388.pdf)

Second edition is only available in print.

## **LIBRARY TOOLS TO SEARCH FOR AND MANAGE YOUR CITATIONS**

### **Gallagher Law Library Toolbar**

Allows you instant access to the law library catalog, quick links and automatically links result from your web searches to the Library's print and licensed e-resources.

To install the Firefox extension:  
<http://libx.org/editions/D0/63/D06339FD/libx-D06339FD.xpi>

To install the IE plug-in:  
<http://libx.org/editions/D0/63/D06339FD/libx-D06339FD.exe>

## **REFWORKS**

<http://uwashington.worldcat.org/oclc/2830050439909>

This is an online research management, writing and collaboration tool that allows you to gather, manage, store and share all types of information, as well as generate citations and bibliographies. For more information, see Citation Guides & Tools: <http://guides.lib.washington.edu/citations>

How to Upload Records From the Catalog to Refworks:

1. Conduct a search in the law library's catalog
2. Select relevant records and add to book cart
3. Click on export saved list
4. Select "MARC" and "Screen", then click on "submit"
5. Select and copy records
6. Open RefWorks – go to References > Import
7. Paste records into "Import Data from the following Text" box
8. Select "Marc Format"
9. Click on "Import"